

K₃Al₂As₃O₁₂

Berthold Stöger and Matthias Weil*

Institute for Chemical Technologies and Analytics, Division of Structural Chemistry, Vienna University of Technology, Getreidemarkt 9/164-SC, A-1060 Vienna, Austria
Correspondence e-mail: mweil@mail.zserv.tuwien.ac.at

Received 2 November 2011; accepted 5 January 2012

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{Al}-\text{O}) = 0.001$ Å; R factor = 0.018; wR factor = 0.039; data-to-parameter ratio = 53.2.

Single crystals of K₃Al₂As₃O₁₂, tripotassium dialuminotriarsenate(V), were obtained unintentionally by the reaction of KAsO₃ with a corundum crucible at 973 K. The asymmetric unit contains three K, two Al, three As and 12 O atoms. The structure of the title compound is isotypic with those of other K₃M'₂X₃O₁₂ (M' = Al, Ga; X = P, As) structures and is made up of a three-dimensional network of corner-sharing [AlO₄] and [AsO₄] tetrahedra. The three K⁺ cations are located in channels running along the [100], [001], [101] and [10 $\bar{1}$] directions, exhibiting different coordination numbers of 9, 8 and 6, respectively. All corresponding [KO_x] polyhedra are considerably distorted.

Related literature

For a recent review on NASICON-type materials, see: Anantharamulu *et al.* (2011). For isotypic K₃M'₂X₃O₁₂ structures, see: Beaurain *et al.* (2008) and Yakubovich *et al.* (2008) for K₃Ga₂P₃O₁₂; Boughzala *et al.* (1997) for the solid solution K₃Al₂(As_{1.92}P_{1.08})O₁₂; Devi & Vidyasagar (2000) for K₃Al₂P₃O₁₂. For the isopointal structure of Tl₃Al₂P₃O₁₂, see: Devi & Vidyasagar (2000). For background to the bond-valence method, see: Brown & Altermatt (1985).

Experimental*Crystal data*

K ₃ Al ₂ As ₃ O ₁₂	$V = 1328.36$ (6) Å ³
$M_r = 588$	$Z = 4$
Orthorhombic, <i>Pna</i> 2 ₁	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 8.7943$ (2) Å	$\mu = 8.63$ mm ⁻¹
$b = 17.4400$ (2) Å	$T = 100$ K
$c = 8.6610$ (3) Å	$0.10 \times 0.06 \times 0.01$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer	52293 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2008)	9623 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.49$, $T_{\max} = 0.92$	8606 reflections with $I > 3\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.038$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 3\sigma(F^2)] = 0.018$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.33$ e Å ⁻³
$wR(F^2) = 0.039$	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.31$ e Å ⁻³
$S = 0.80$	Absolute structure: Flack (1983),
9623 reflections	3882 Friedel pairs
181 parameters	Flack parameter: 0.008 (3)

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2008); cell refinement: SAINT-Plus (Bruker, 2008); data reduction: SAINT-Plus; method used to solve structure: coordinates taken from an isotypic structure; program(s) used to refine structure: JANA2006 (Petříček *et al.*, 2006); molecular graphics: ATOMS (Dowty, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: publCIF (Westrip, 2010).

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: GW2112).

References

- Anantharamulu, N., Koteswara Rao, K., Rambabu, G., Vijaya Kumar, B., Velchuri Radha & Vithal, M. (2011). *J. Mater. Sci.* **46**, 2821–2837.
Beaurain, M., Astier, R., van der Lee, A. & Armand, P. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **C64**, i5–i8.
Boughzala, H., Driss, A. & Jouini, T. (1997). *Acta Cryst.* **C53**, 3–5.
Brown, I. D. & Altermatt, D. (1985). *Acta Cryst.* **B41**, 244–247.
Bruker (2008). SAINT-Plus, APEX2 and SADABS. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
Devi, R. N. & Vidyasagar, K. (2000). *Inorg. Chem.* **39**, 2391–2396.
Dowty, E. (2006). ATOMS. Shape Software, Kingsport, Tennessee, USA.
Flack, H. D. (1983). *Acta Cryst.* **A39**, 876–881.
Petříček, V., Dušek, M. & Palatinus, L. (2006). JANA2006. Institute of Physics, Praha, Czech Republic.
Westrip, S. P. (2010). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **43**, 920–925.
Yakubovich, O. V., Steele, I. & Kireev, V. V. (2008). *Cryst. Rep.* **53**, 952–959.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, i15 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812000438]

K₃Al₂As₃O₁₂

B. Stöger and M. Weil

Comment

During crystal growth studies of KAsO₃, we inadvertently obtained single crystals with composition K₃Al₂As₃O₁₂ from an attacked corundum crucible. Many oxides with general formula $M_xM'_2X_3O_{12}$ crystallize with three-dimensional framework structures (Devi & Vidyasagar, 2000) and are of technological interest. Most notably, compounds crystallizing in the NASICON (Na₃Zr₂Si₂PO₁₂) structure type are excellent ion conductors and have been intensely studied. A recent review on compounds with the NASICON structure has been given by Anantharamulu *et al.* (2011).

The structure of K₃Al₂As₃O₁₂ is isotypic with the phosphate analogue K₃Al₂P₃O₁₂ (Devi & Vidyasagar, 2000), the mixed arsenate/phosphate solid solution K₃Al₂As_{1.92}P_{1.08}O₁₂ (Boughzala *et al.*, 1997) and K₃Ga₂P₃O₁₂ (Beaurain *et al.*, 2008; Yakubovich *et al.*, 2008). Trithallium dialuminotriphosphate, Tl₃Al₂P₃O₁₂ (Devi & Vidyasagar, 2000), can be considered as isopointal to the title compound, because it features distinctly different coordinations of the Al sites and the cationic network due to the electron lone pairs of the Tl⁺ ions.

Whereas in the NASICON structure type the *M'* site is octahedrally and the *X* site tetrahedrally coordinated, in the title compound both sites exhibit a tetrahedral coordination. Two crystallographically different [AlO₄] and three [AsO₄] tetrahedra, all on general positions, are linked *via* their corners to a complex three-dimensional network, whereby [AlO₄] units connect only to [AsO₄] units and *vice-versa*. This network can be decomposed into undulating sheets normal to [010] (Al1, Al2, As1, As2) which are connected by [AsO₄] units (As3) (Fig. 1).

The three different K⁺ cations are located in channels running along the [100] and [001] (K1, K2) (Fig. 1) as well as the [101] and [10 $\bar{1}$] (K3) (Fig. 2) directions. Considering K–O distances up to 3.5 Å as relevant for first coordination spheres, the K⁺ cations are coordinated by 9 (K1), 8 (K1) and 6 (K3) O atoms, respectively, all in the form of irregular [KO_{*x*}] polyhedra. The total bond valence sums (parameters: $R_0 = 2.132$ Å, $b = 0.37$ (Brown & Altermatt, 1985)), 1.08 (K1), 1.04 (K2) and 0.90 (K3) valence units (v.u.) are close to the expected value of 1 v.u. and point to a slight undersaturation of K3. The coordination of the K⁺ cations is very similar in all isotypic structures. The main difference in these structures pertains to the bond lengths of the XO₄ tetrahedra. Corresponding mean bond lengths are 1.746 Å for AlO₄ and 1.680 Å for AsO₄ tetrahedra in the title compound; 1.737 Å for AlO₄ and 1.527 Å for PO₄ tetrahedra in K₃Al₂P₃O₁₂; 1.730 Å for AlO₄ and 1.615 Å for (As/P)O₄ tetrahedra in K₃Al₂As_{1.92}P_{1.08}O₁₂; 1.816 Å for GaO₄ and 1.535 Å for PO₄ tetrahedra in K₃Ga₂P₃O₁₂.

Experimental

K₂CO₃ and H₃AsO₄ were obtained commercially and used without purification. 10 g 80%_wt H₃AsO₄ were titrated against an aqueous K₂CO₃ solution using methyl red as indicator. The water was evaporated and the residue recrystallized from

supplementary materials

water to obtain KH_2AsO_4 . This solid was then heated in a corundum crucible at 973 K, cooled to 633 K over 24 h and quenched. Few colourless crystals of the title compound were isolated from the reaction mixture.

Refinement

The first refinement cycle was performed using the published atomic coordinates of $\text{K}_3\text{Al}_2\text{As}_3\text{O}_{12}$ (Boughzala *et al.*, 1997) as starting parameters.

Figures

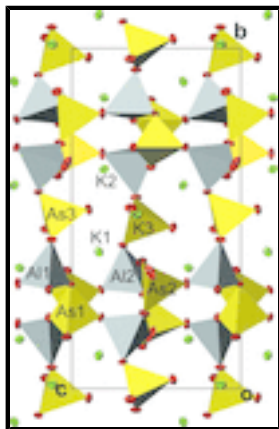


Fig. 1. The crystal structure of $\text{K}_3\text{Al}_2\text{As}_3\text{O}_{12}$ viewed down $[100]$, showing sheets of corner-sharing $[\text{AsO}_4]$ and $[\text{AlO}_4]$ tetrahedra extending parallel to (010) . Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 90% probability level.

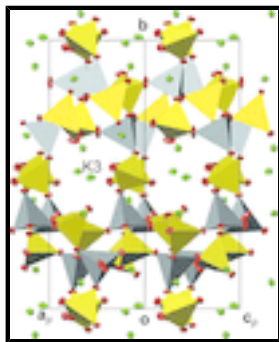


Fig. 2. The crystal structure of $\text{K}_3\text{Al}_2\text{As}_3\text{O}_{12}$ viewed down $[101]$. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 90% probability level.

tripotassium dialuminotriarsenate(V)

Crystal data

$\text{K}_3\text{Al}_2\text{As}_3\text{O}_{12}$

$M_r = 588$

Orthorhombic, $Pna2_1$

Hall symbol: $P\ 2c\ -2n$

$a = 8.7943\ (2)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 17.4400\ (2)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 8.6610\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$V = 1328.36\ (6)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 1112$

$D_x = 2.939\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 54411 reflections

$\theta = 3.3\text{--}44.8^\circ$

$\mu = 8.63\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 100\ \text{K}$

Plate, colourless

$0.10 \times 0.06 \times 0.01\ \text{mm}$

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer	9623 independent reflections
Radiation source: X-ray tube graphite	8606 reflections with $I > 3\sigma(I)$
ω and φ scans	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.038$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2008)	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 45.1^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.6^\circ$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.49$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.92$	$h = -17 \rightarrow 17$
52293 measured reflections	$k = -34 \rightarrow 34$
	$l = -15 \rightarrow 17$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: isomorphous structure methods
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.018$	Weighting scheme based on measured s.u.'s $w = 1/(\sigma^2(I) + 0.0004I^2)$
$wR(F^2) = 0.039$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.003$
$S = 0.80$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.33 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
9623 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.31 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
181 parameters	Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 3882 Friedel pairs
0 restraints	Flack parameter: 0.008 (3)
1 constraint	

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
As1	0.156896 (11)	0.215743 (6)	0.0009	0.004155 (18)
As2	0.293241 (12)	0.313601 (6)	0.511929 (16)	0.004909 (19)
As3	0.236068 (12)	0.502941 (6)	0.085202 (18)	0.005355 (19)
K1	0.01017 (3)	0.402188 (14)	0.84037 (3)	0.00837 (4)
K2	0.95033 (3)	0.354962 (14)	0.30906 (3)	0.00818 (4)
K3	0.68161 (3)	0.488891 (15)	0.11580 (3)	0.01179 (5)
Al1	0.34851 (4)	0.34012 (2)	0.14668 (4)	0.00492 (7)
Al2	0.13204 (4)	0.16767 (2)	0.65562 (4)	0.00520 (7)
O1	0.29089 (10)	0.15184 (5)	0.03110 (9)	0.00824 (17)
O2	0.02014 (10)	0.20900 (5)	0.13689 (9)	0.00746 (16)
O3	0.21755 (9)	0.30785 (4)	0.00781 (10)	0.00643 (14)
O4	0.06929 (10)	0.20939 (5)	0.82779 (9)	0.00730 (16)
O5	0.17013 (13)	0.37287 (6)	0.58794 (12)	0.0139 (2)
O6	0.47459 (12)	0.34183 (7)	0.53518 (11)	0.0168 (2)
O7	0.27956 (11)	0.22138 (5)	0.57055 (11)	0.01044 (18)
O8	0.26654 (10)	0.30933 (6)	0.31927 (9)	0.00936 (18)
O9	0.07409 (11)	0.46866 (6)	0.15273 (11)	0.01076 (18)
O10	0.29028 (11)	0.57855 (5)	0.19818 (10)	0.00894 (17)
O11	0.23407 (11)	0.52699 (6)	0.90078 (10)	0.01074 (19)
O12	0.37999 (10)	0.43772 (5)	0.12022 (10)	0.00883 (16)

supplementary materials

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
As1	0.00437 (3)	0.00356 (3)	0.00453 (3)	0.00007 (3)	-0.00035 (3)	-0.00027 (3)
As2	0.00554 (3)	0.00472 (4)	0.00447 (3)	-0.00042 (3)	0.00028 (3)	0.00036 (3)
As3	0.00642 (4)	0.00336 (3)	0.00628 (3)	-0.00018 (3)	-0.00018 (3)	-0.00019 (3)
K1	0.00698 (7)	0.01015 (8)	0.00797 (6)	-0.00039 (6)	0.00040 (5)	0.00102 (6)
K2	0.00765 (8)	0.00734 (8)	0.00955 (7)	0.00014 (6)	0.00017 (6)	0.00078 (6)
K3	0.01516 (10)	0.00792 (9)	0.01230 (8)	-0.00147 (7)	-0.00295 (7)	-0.00020 (6)
Al1	0.00487 (12)	0.00439 (12)	0.00550 (10)	-0.00023 (9)	-0.00019 (9)	-0.00024 (9)
Al2	0.00592 (12)	0.00438 (12)	0.00532 (10)	0.00071 (10)	-0.00068 (9)	-0.00031 (9)
O1	0.0078 (3)	0.0069 (3)	0.0101 (3)	0.0029 (2)	-0.0011 (2)	-0.0004 (2)
O2	0.0062 (3)	0.0094 (3)	0.0067 (2)	-0.0020 (2)	0.0017 (2)	-0.0006 (2)
O3	0.0075 (2)	0.0046 (2)	0.0072 (2)	-0.0014 (2)	-0.0019 (2)	0.0005 (2)
O4	0.0078 (3)	0.0089 (3)	0.0052 (2)	0.0016 (2)	-0.0019 (2)	-0.0019 (2)
O5	0.0193 (4)	0.0088 (3)	0.0138 (3)	0.0037 (3)	0.0083 (3)	-0.0016 (3)
O6	0.0101 (3)	0.0274 (5)	0.0130 (3)	-0.0102 (3)	-0.0069 (3)	0.0108 (3)
O7	0.0121 (3)	0.0056 (3)	0.0136 (3)	0.0006 (2)	0.0041 (2)	0.0026 (2)
O8	0.0094 (3)	0.0144 (4)	0.0043 (2)	-0.0031 (3)	-0.0001 (2)	0.0002 (2)
O9	0.0084 (3)	0.0083 (3)	0.0155 (3)	-0.0023 (2)	0.0031 (2)	0.0001 (3)
O10	0.0131 (3)	0.0043 (3)	0.0094 (3)	-0.0018 (2)	0.0003 (2)	-0.0010 (2)
O11	0.0138 (3)	0.0121 (4)	0.0063 (3)	0.0010 (3)	-0.0004 (2)	0.0016 (2)
O12	0.0085 (3)	0.0044 (3)	0.0136 (3)	0.0006 (2)	-0.0019 (2)	0.0002 (2)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

K1—O1 ⁱ	2.7084 (9)	Al1—O8	1.7443 (9)
K1—O3 ⁱⁱ	2.8524 (8)	Al1—O12	1.7396 (9)
K1—O5	2.6496 (11)	Al2—O4	1.7485 (9)
K1—O9 ⁱⁱ	2.9964 (10)	Al2—O6 ^{vii}	1.7415 (11)
K1—O9 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.8747 (10)	Al2—O7	1.7616 (10)
K1—O10 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.9344 (10)	Al2—O10 ^{viii}	1.7373 (10)
K1—O11	2.9814 (10)	As1—O1	1.6429 (9)
K2—O1 ^{iv}	2.7885 (9)	As1—O2	1.6875 (8)
K2—O2 ^v	3.0134 (9)	As1—O3	1.6936 (8)
K2—O7 ^{iv}	3.0260 (10)	As1—O4 ^{ix}	1.6893 (8)
K2—O8 ^v	2.8939 (10)	As2—O5	1.6352 (10)
K2—O9 ^v	2.6362 (10)	As2—O6	1.6812 (11)
K2—O11 ^{vi}	2.7384 (10)	As2—O7	1.6909 (9)
K3—O1 ^{iv}	2.7360 (9)	As2—O8	1.6867 (8)
K3—O5 ^{vi}	2.7515 (10)	As3—O9	1.6519 (9)
K3—O11 ^{vi}	2.5921 (9)	As3—O10	1.7098 (9)
K3—O12	2.7989 (10)	As3—O11 ^{ix}	1.6515 (9)
Al1—O2 ^{iv}	1.7376 (9)	As3—O12	1.7285 (9)
Al1—O3	1.7578 (9)		

O1 ⁱ —K1—O3 ⁱⁱ	86.82 (3)	O1 ^{iv} —K3—O5 ^{vi}	126.59 (3)
O1 ⁱ —K1—O5	144.51 (3)	O1 ^{iv} —K3—O11 ^{vi}	93.38 (3)
O1 ⁱ —K1—O9 ⁱⁱ	73.59 (3)	O1 ^{iv} —K3—O12	92.90 (3)
O1 ⁱ —K1—O9 ⁱⁱⁱ	115.72 (3)	O5 ^{vi} —K3—O11 ^{vi}	92.38 (3)
O1 ⁱ —K1—O10 ⁱⁱⁱ	69.80 (3)	O5 ^{vi} —K3—O12	136.86 (3)
O1 ⁱ —K1—O11	128.11 (3)	O11 ^{vi} —K3—O12	102.95 (3)
O3 ⁱⁱ —K1—O5	88.21 (3)	O2 ^{iv} —Al1—O3	112.21 (4)
O3 ⁱⁱ —K1—O9 ⁱⁱ	69.16 (3)	O2 ^{iv} —Al1—O8	104.42 (4)
O3 ⁱⁱ —K1—O9 ⁱⁱⁱ	154.71 (3)	O2 ^{iv} —Al1—O12	109.74 (5)
O3 ⁱⁱ —K1—O10 ⁱⁱⁱ	148.77 (2)	O3—Al1—O8	102.53 (4)
O3 ⁱⁱ —K1—O11	84.81 (2)	O3—Al1—O12	109.11 (4)
O5—K1—O9 ⁱⁱ	136.06 (3)	O8—Al1—O12	118.68 (5)
O5—K1—O9 ⁱⁱⁱ	79.72 (3)	O4—Al2—O6 ^{vii}	107.43 (5)
O5—K1—O10 ⁱⁱⁱ	98.85 (3)	O4—Al2—O7	111.59 (4)
O5—K1—O11	86.28 (3)	O4—Al2—O10 ^{viii}	108.39 (4)
O9 ⁱⁱ —K1—O9 ⁱⁱⁱ	104.81 (3)	O6 ^{vii} —Al2—O7	112.68 (5)
O9 ⁱⁱ —K1—O10 ⁱⁱⁱ	120.24 (3)	O6 ^{vii} —Al2—O10 ^{viii}	110.77 (6)
O9 ⁱⁱ —K1—O11	55.61 (2)	O7—Al2—O10 ^{viii}	105.95 (5)
O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —K1—O10 ⁱⁱⁱ	56.01 (3)	O1—As1—O2	110.66 (4)
O9 ⁱⁱⁱ —K1—O11	72.39 (3)	O1—As1—O3	114.32 (4)
O10 ⁱⁱⁱ —K1—O11	125.79 (3)	O1—As1—O4 ^{ix}	115.08 (4)
O1 ^{iv} —K2—O2 ^v	68.86 (2)	O2—As1—O3	105.42 (4)
O1 ^{iv} —K2—O7 ^{iv}	112.20 (3)	O2—As1—O4 ^{ix}	106.85 (4)
O1 ^{iv} —K2—O8 ^v	119.86 (2)	O3—As1—O4 ^{ix}	103.72 (4)
O1 ^{iv} —K2—O9 ^v	78.24 (3)	O5—As2—O6	113.25 (6)
O1 ^{iv} —K2—O11 ^{vi}	89.12 (3)	O5—As2—O7	115.67 (5)
O2 ^v —K2—O7 ^{iv}	95.73 (2)	O5—As2—O8	109.52 (5)
O2 ^v —K2—O8 ^v	65.61 (2)	O6—As2—O7	108.07 (5)
O2 ^v —K2—O9 ^v	107.28 (3)	O6—As2—O8	105.28 (4)
O2 ^v —K2—O11 ^{vi}	154.06 (3)	O7—As2—O8	104.19 (5)
O7 ^{iv} —K2—O8 ^v	109.45 (3)	O9—As3—O10	108.48 (5)
O7 ^{iv} —K2—O9 ^v	156.96 (3)	O9—As3—O11 ^{ix}	115.16 (5)
O7 ^{iv} —K2—O11 ^{vi}	79.62 (3)	O9—As3—O12	109.34 (4)
O8 ^v —K2—O9 ^v	79.97 (3)	O10—As3—O11 ^{ix}	111.13 (5)
O8 ^v —K2—O11 ^{vi}	140.08 (3)	O10—As3—O12	101.71 (4)
O9 ^v —K2—O11 ^{vi}	80.10 (3)	O11 ^{ix} —As3—O12	110.16 (5)

Symmetry codes: (i) $x-1/2, -y+1/2, z+1$; (ii) $x, y, z+1$; (iii) $-x, -y+1, z+1/2$; (iv) $x+1/2, -y+1/2, z$; (v) $x+1, y, z$; (vi) $-x+1, -y+1, z-1/2$; (vii) $x-1/2, -y+1/2, z$; (viii) $-x+1/2, y-1/2, z+1/2$; (ix) $x, y, z-1$.

Fig. 1

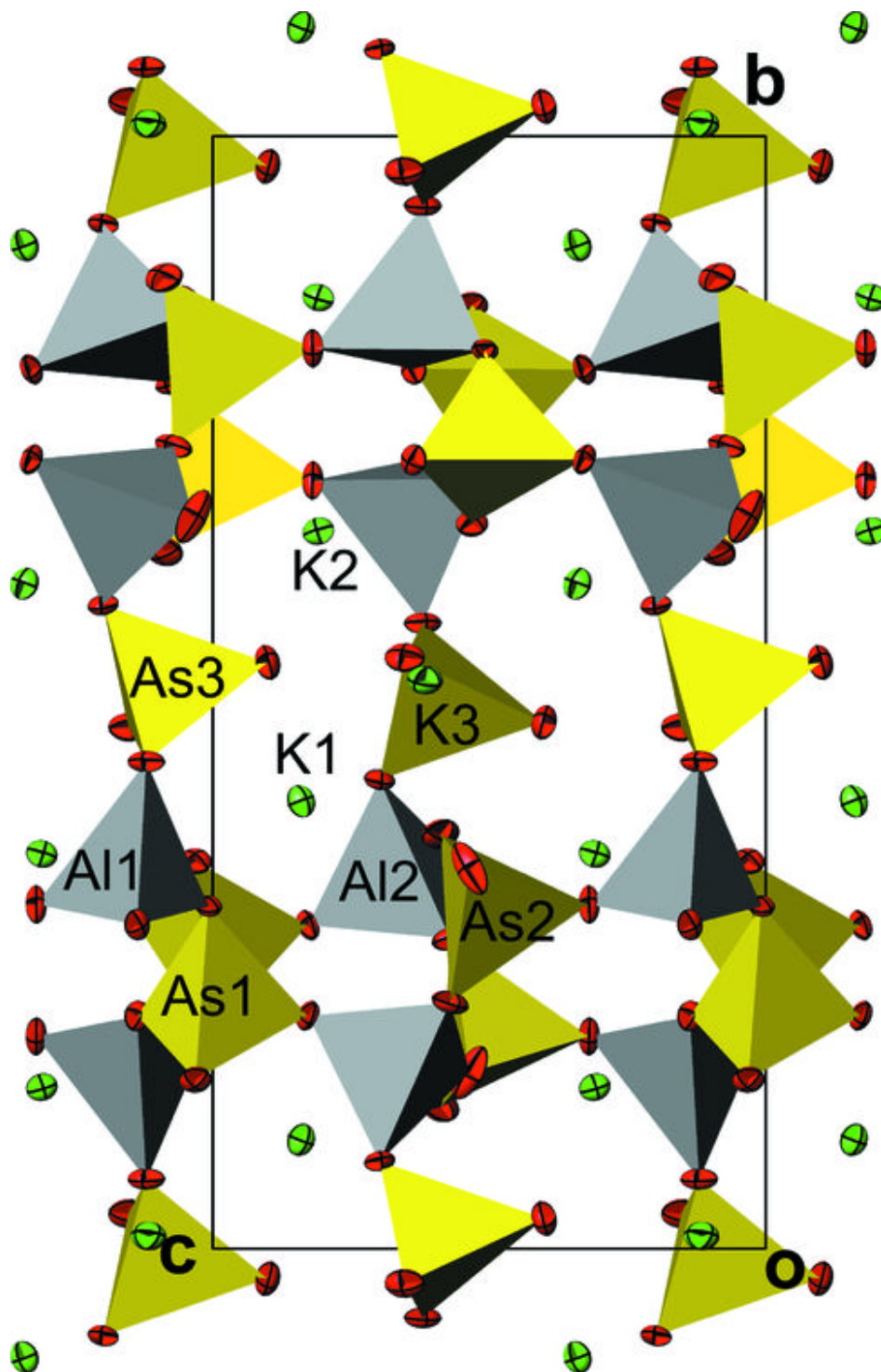


Fig. 2

